

Computational Physics

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Department of Physics
Florida State University
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<http://hadron.physics.fsu.edu/~eugenio/comphy/>

Syllabus

Also available on the course website

◆ Meeting Times:

Tues & Thur 315B MCH 2:00pm – 3:15pm
format: lecture + lab

◆ Office Hrs:

205 Keen Wednesday 2:30 – 4:30

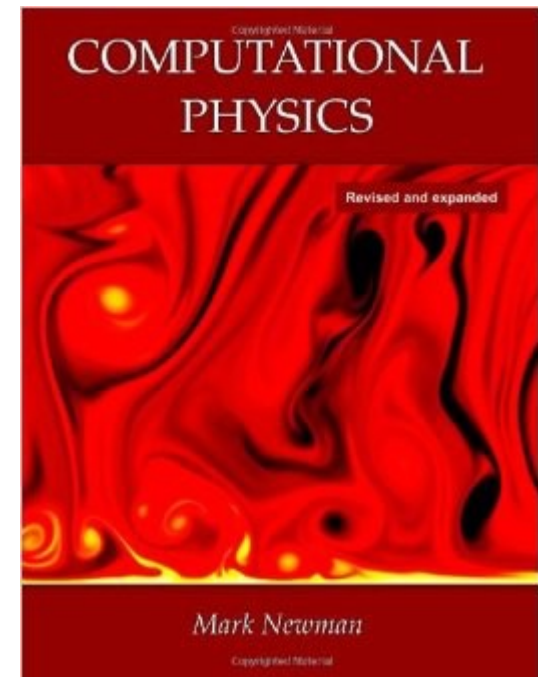
Additional times available upon request

Course Resources

◆ Books

Mark Newman *Computational Physics,*
Revised and expanded

COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS
with Python



◆ Course Website

<http://hadron.physics.fsu.edu/~eugenio/comphy/>

Goals

- ◆ **Introduce Modern Scientific Programming**
- ◆ This includes numerical analysis, object-oriented programming, scientific graphics, software engineering, and modeling advanced physical systems.

Course Overview

- ◆ Intro to Linux/Unix & Unix programming tools.
- ◆ Programming in Python and OOP
- ◆ Plotting & Visualization packages and Web Resources
- ◆ Numerical Limits in Computing
- ◆ Finding Roots of Equations
- ◆ Code Management Techniques
- ◆ Numerical Differentiation & Integration
- ◆ Multidimensional & Monte Carlo Integration
- ◆ Analyzing Data Sets
- ◆ Introduction to Batch & Parallel Programming

Grading

- ◆ Students will be graded based upon the successful completion of in-class participation, assigned in-class/homework exercises, & computational exams/projects.
 - ◆ **Exercises (50%) & Participation (10%)**
 - ◆ Exercise problems typically from the course text.
 - ◆ **Take-home(or in class) project exams (40%)**
 - ◆ Programming challenges where collaboration is not allowed.

There is no final exam in this course.

Programing Language

- ◆ The Programing Language for this course is Python.
- ◆ ~1/3 of this course will focus on Python programing basics and following programming standards

Computing Resources



◆ FSU HPC *High Performance Computing*

◆ hpc-login.rcc.fsu.edu

◆ linux login server

◆ Benchmarked at 265 teraflops

The FSU HPC system is comprised of 12,492 x86 64-bit compute cores linked together by low-latency infiniband networks for MPI communication.

Any Questions so far?

Brief Introduction to Linux/Unix

- ◆ The Operating System
 - ◆ Kernel
 - ◆ Shell
 - ◆ Programs & Commands
- ◆ The File System
 - ◆ Paths
 - ◆ Tree Structure
 - ◆ Directories, Files, and Inodes
- ◆ Desktop Environments

Unix Desktop Environment

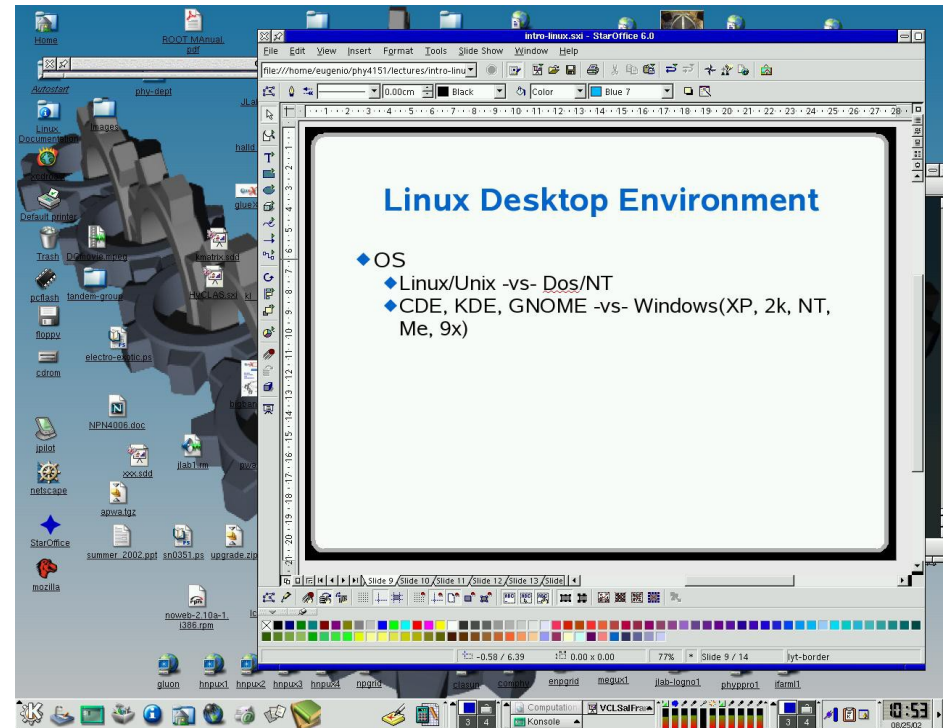
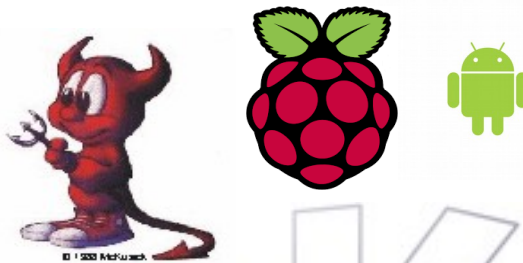
◆ OS

◆ Linux/Unix ↔ DOS/Windows NT



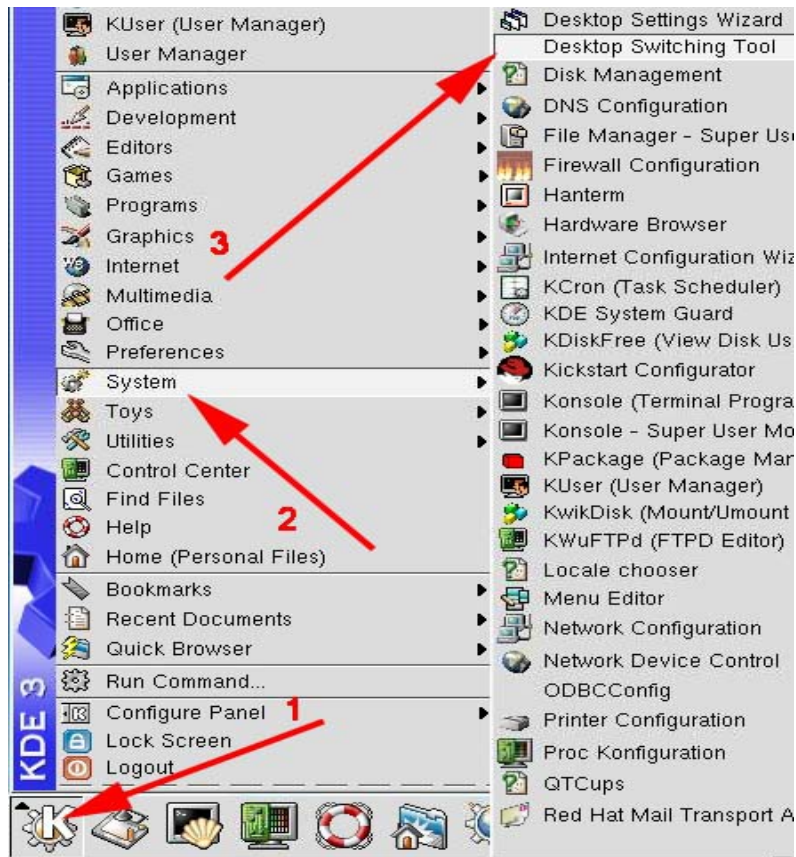
◆ Desktop->Development Environments

◆ KDE, GNOME ↔ Windows 10, macOS, iOS, Android



Programs & Shell Commands

- ◆ Common commands
- ◆ Programing tools



Common Linux/Unix Commands

Command/Syntax	Response
<code>apropos keyword</code>	Locate commands by keyword lookup
<code>alias command-string target</code>	Alias commands
<code>cat [options] file</code>	Concatenate a file/files
<code>cd [directory]</code>	Change directory
<code>chgrp [options] group file</code>	Change group of file
<code>chmod [options] file</code>	Change file permissions
<code>chown [options] owner file</code>	Change file owner
<code>clear</code>	Clear screen
<code>compress [options] file</code>	Compress file to file.Z
<code>date [options]</code>	Display current date and time
<code>diff [options] file1 file2</code>	Compare two files and display the differences
<code>df [options] [resources]</code>	Disk device summary
<code>du [options] [dir or file]</code>	filesystem space usage
<code>echo [text:string]</code>	Echo string to standard output
<code>emacs [options] file</code>	Text editor
<code>exit</code>	Exit from shell
<code>file [options] file</code>	Classify file types
<code>find dir [options] [action]</code>	Find files
<code>grep [options] string file</code>	Search for string in file
<code>gzip [option] file</code>	Compress file to file.gz
<code>gunzip [options] file</code>	Uncompress file.gz file
<code>kill [options] pid</code>	Send signal to process
<code>ln [options] source target</code>	Link source file to target
<code>logout</code>	End session
<code>lpr [options] file</code>	Print file
<code>ls [options] dir/file/files</code>	List directory or files
<code>man [options] command</code>	Show manual pages
<code>mkdir [options] dir</code>	Make directory
<code>more [options] file</code>	Page through an ascii file
<code>mv [options] file1 file2</code>	Move file1 to file2
<code>passwd [options]</code>	Change user password
<code>ps [options]</code>	Show process status
<code>pwd</code>	Print working directory
<code>rm [options] file</code>	Remove file
<code>rmdir [options] dir</code>	Remove directory
<code>setenv VAR 'text setting'</code>	Set environmental variable
<code>source file</code>	Read/execute shell setting/commands from file
<code>ssh user@ipaddress</code>	Secure shell- remote logins
<code>sftp file user@ipaddress:file</code>	Secure file transfers
<code>sftp user@ipaddress:file file</code>	
<code>tar [options] files/dir</code>	File archiver
<code>uncompress file.Z</code>	Uncompress file.Z to file
<code>wc [option] file</code>	Count lines, words, & chars
<code>which command</code>	Show path to command
<code>who</code>	Show who's logged on

Class Handout

The Operating System

◆ Kernel

- ◆ Interacts with hardware and provides user services

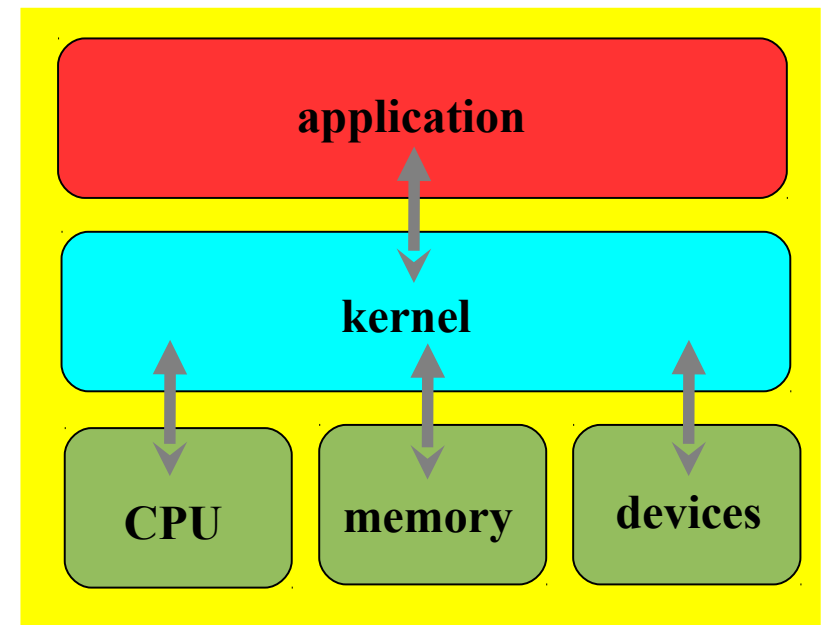
◆ Shell

- ◆ Command interpreter providing a layer between the OS and the User
- ◆ Several shells are available
 - ◆ sh, csh, ksh, tcsh, bash, ...
 - ◆ each shell includes a programming/shell language

◆ Programs (& Commands)

- ◆ Unix provides several hundred utility programs
- ◆ shell scripts also provide utility

A layered system provides functionality and hardware portability



The File System

◆ File System Components

- ◆ Directories and Files

◆ Tree Structure

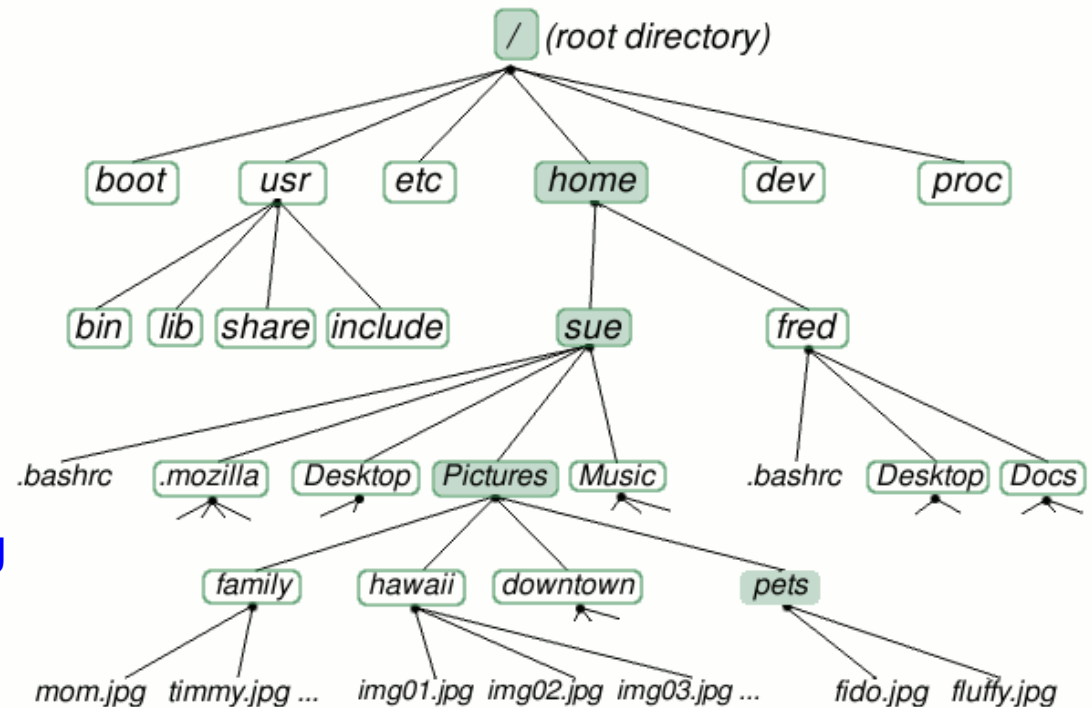
◆ Path Names

- ◆ Relative (/home/sue):

- ◆ Pictures/pets/fido.jpg
- ◆ ./Pictures/pets/fido.jpg
- ◆ ../sue/Pictures/pets/fido.jpg

- ◆ Absolute:

- ◆ /home/sue/Pictures/pets/fido.jpg



current dir `./` upper level dir `../`

Getting Started

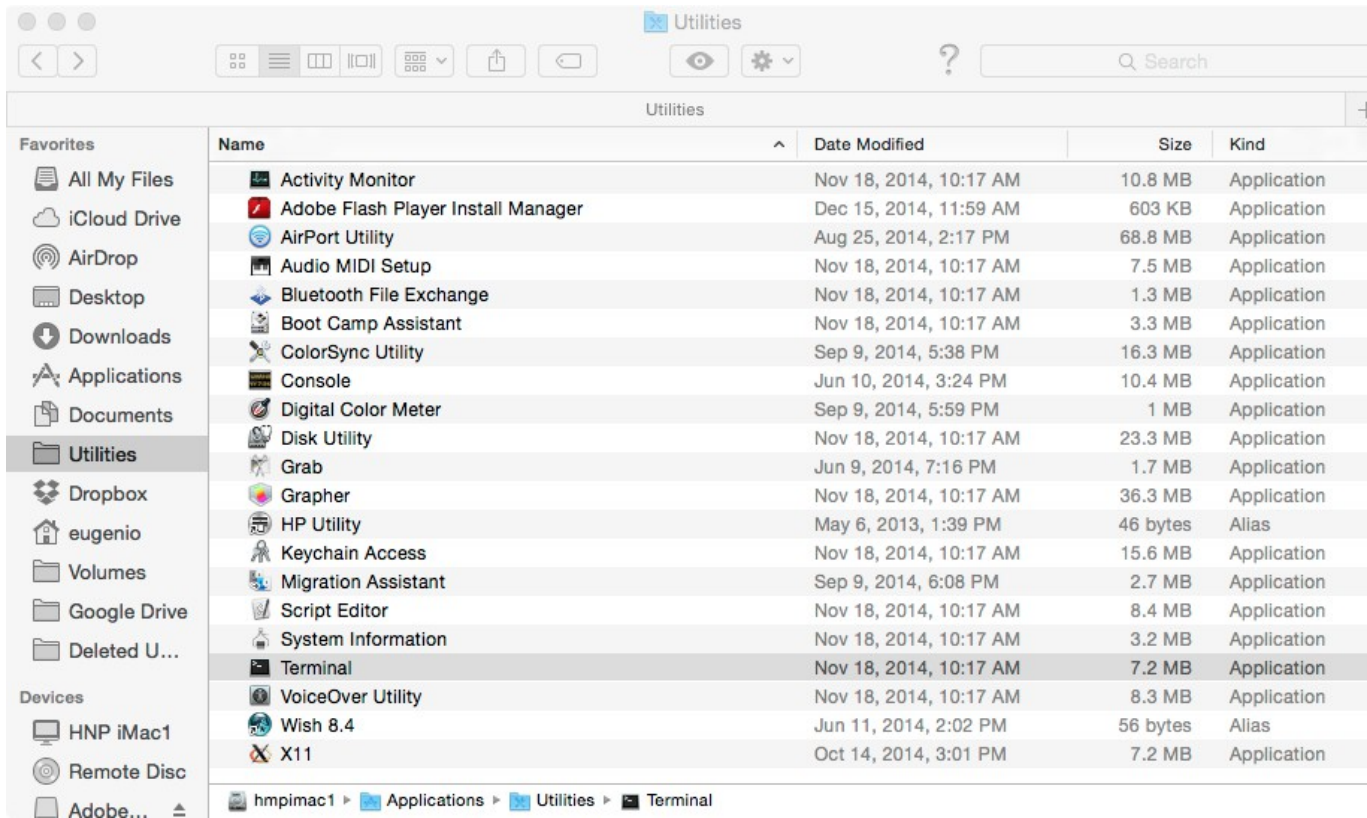
- ◆ Today we will:
 - ◆ Obtain an HPC Physics Computer Account
 - ◆ Use a classroom computer to connect to the HPC
 - ◆ Utilize basic unix commands and understand unix concepts

Obtain an HPC Physics Computer Account

- ◆ Go to the FSU Research Computing Center website and request an account
 - ◆ <https://rcc.fsu.edu>
 - ◆ Select “MY RCC ACCOUNT” and then “Sign Up”
 - ◆ Follow the instructions completing the account request form
 - ◆ Select for Sponsor: **“Eugenio, Paul”**
 - ◆ Shell: select **“/bin/tcsh”**
 - ◆ After your account has been approved, you should receive an email notification.

Use a classroom computer to connect to the Physics HPC

- ◆ From the OSX Finder open the Terminal application
 - ◆ Finder->Applications->Utilities->Terminal
- ◆ Create a secure terminal shell connection to the HPC
 - ◆ In the Terminal window execute the command:
 - ◆ **ssh -Y <yourUserName>@hpc-login.rcc.fsu.edu**
 - where <yourUserName> is replaced by your fsu user name.



OSX Finder



Terminal application

```
lectures — eugenio@npgrid4:/dsk/grid8 — ssh -Y hpc-login.rcc.fsu.edu — 106x17
hnpmac1:lectures eugenio$
hnpmac1:lectures eugenio$
hnpmac1:lectures eugenio$
[hnpmac1:lectures eugenio$ ssh -Y hpc-login.rcc.fsu.edu
[eugenio@hpc-login.rcc.fsu.edu's password:
Warning: No xauth data; using fake authentication data for X11 forwarding.
Last login: Mon Jan  8 16:47:03 2018 from hnpmac1.physics.fsu.edu

Welcome to the HPC
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RCC/HPC Documentation can be found here:
https://rcc.fsu.edu/docs
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[hpc-login-25 501%
[hpc-login-25 501% whoami
eugenio
hpc-login-25 502% █
```

Utilize basic unix commands and understand unix concepts

- ◆ Read the Handout “*Basic Unix Commands and Concepts*” and explore unix via a terminal shell session on the Physics HPC.

Get online: [BasicUnixCommandsAndConcepts.pdf](#)

- ◆ Also explore the unix commands provided on the handout “*Common Linux/Unix Commands*”

Get: [unix_commands.pdf](#)

If your Physics HPC account has not been approved yet, then use the macOS/OSX terminal shell to explore unix.

**Work through the Unix
handout testing Unix
commands on the HPC**