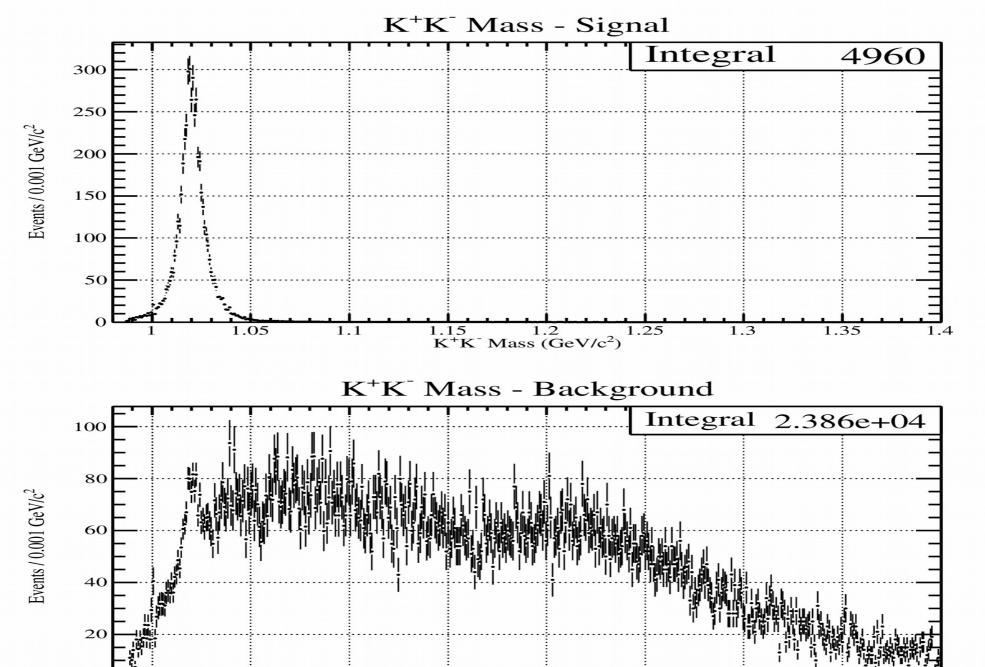
#### List of things this talk will discuss:

- Why was signal 'leaking' into background plots?
- New Qvalue study with different KK mass limits

## OLD Phi: Qvalue Data



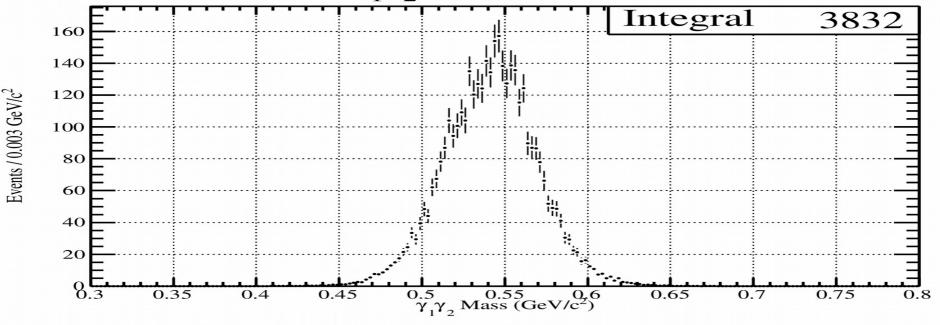
1.15 1.2 K<sup>+</sup>K<sup>-</sup> Mass (GeV/c<sup>2</sup>) 1.3

1.35

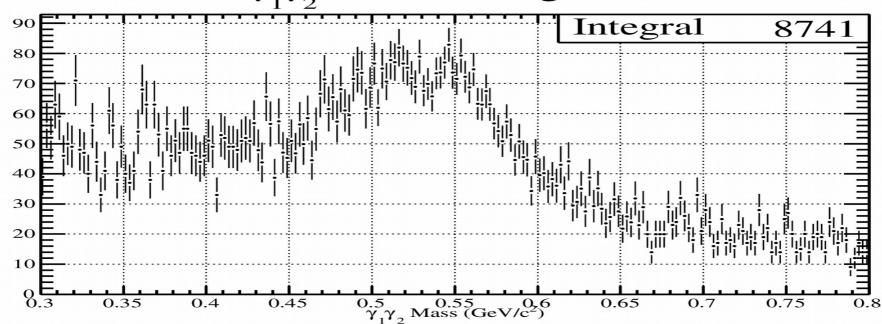
1.05

1.1

## OLD Eta: Qvalue Data $\gamma_1 \gamma_2$ Mass - Signal

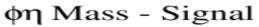


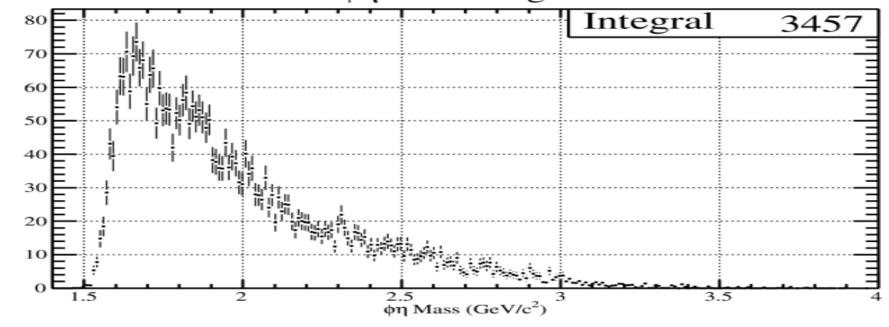




Events /  $0.003 \,\mathrm{GeV/c^2}$ 

## OLD PhiEta: Qvalue Data

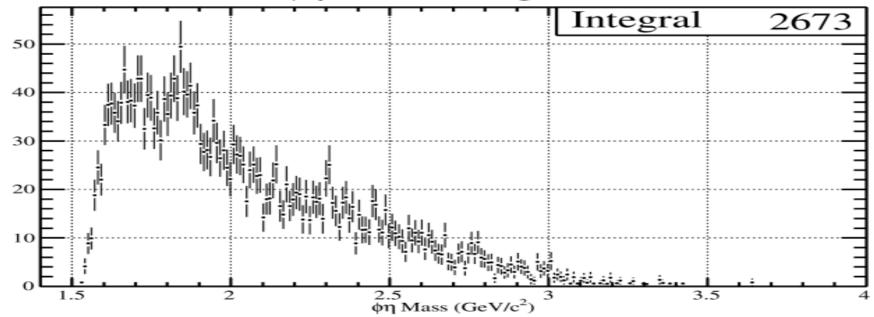




Events / 0.010 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Events / 0.010 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

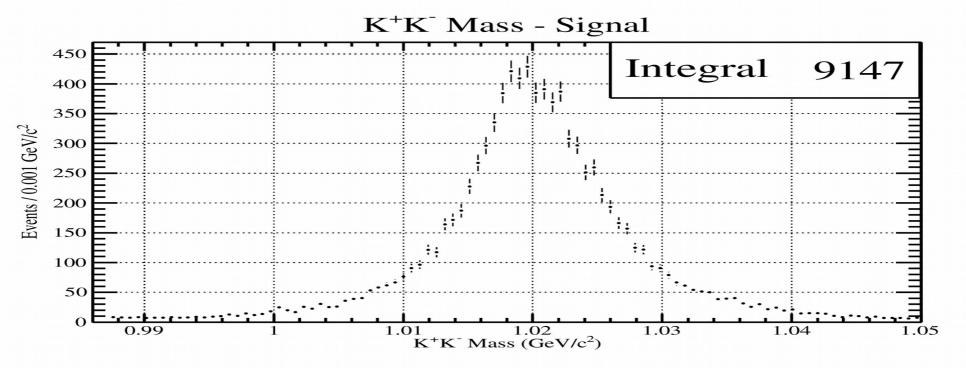


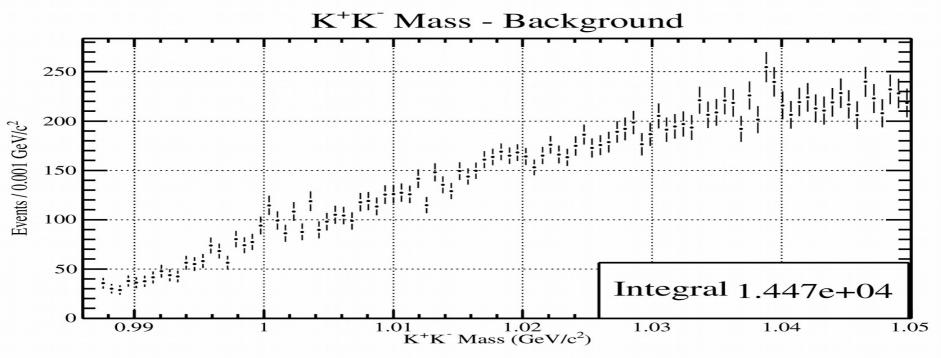


# The issue with the old Qvalue Method:

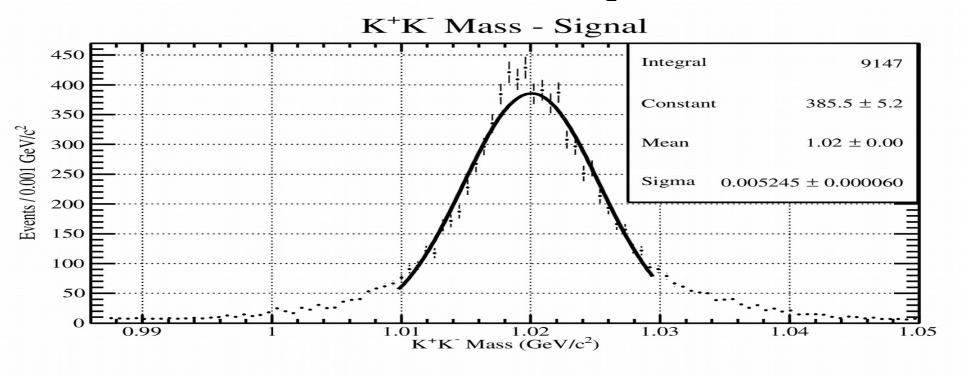
- Why was signal 'leaking' into background plots?
  - After studying these events, it was found that many of them shared nearest neighbors with high KK mass events.
  - The large amount of extra background events increased the probability of a 'good' event sharing similar kinematics to background events.
  - This surplus of extra background caused a noticeable amount of signal to be leaked into the background plots.
- Solution: Reduce the KKGG phase space, such that there is still plenty of background not so many events
  - Instead of looking at KK events between 0.98-1.4, we now only consider the range 0.98-1.05

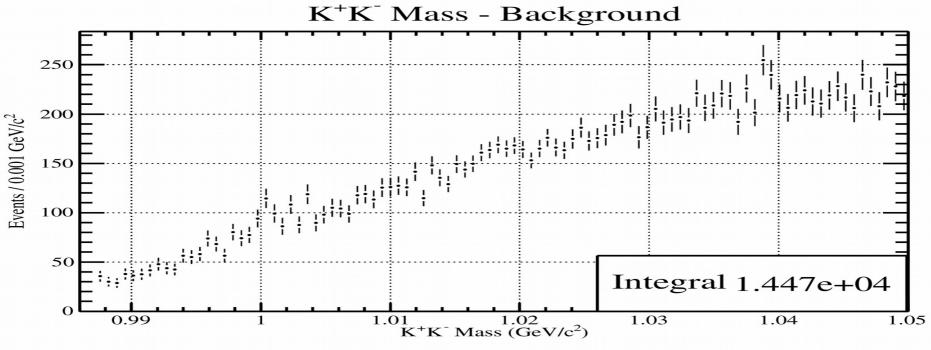
#### **NEW Phi: Qvalue**



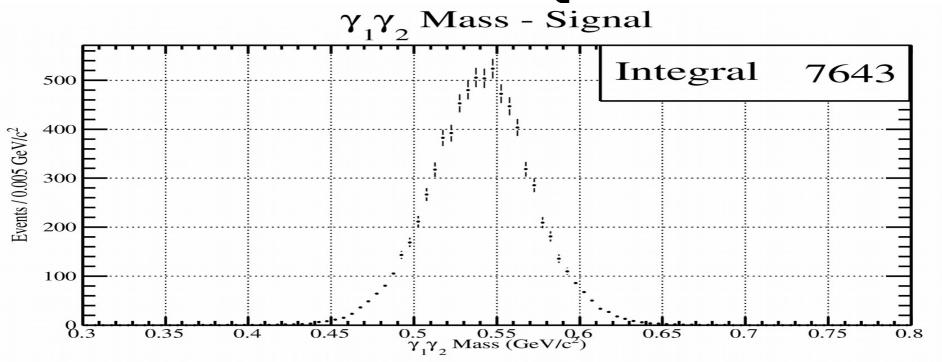


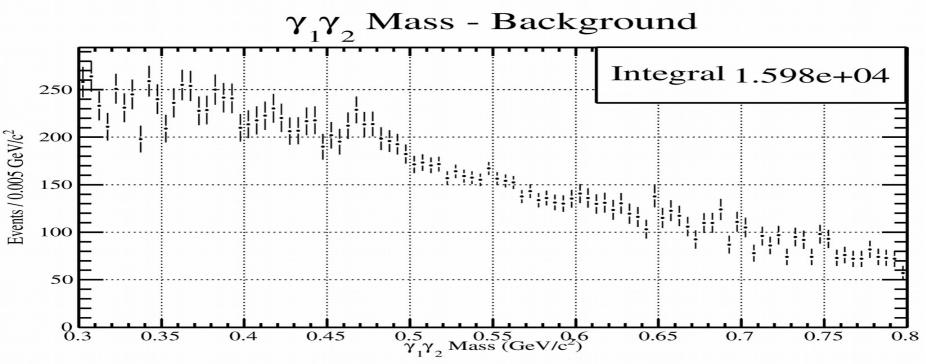
#### New Phi Fit: Qvalue



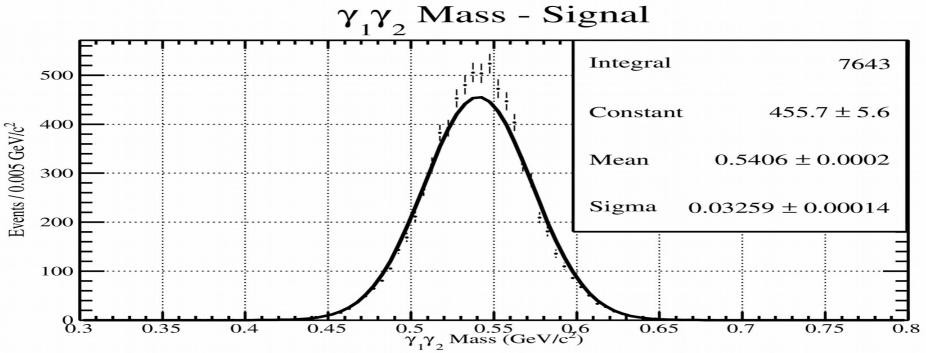


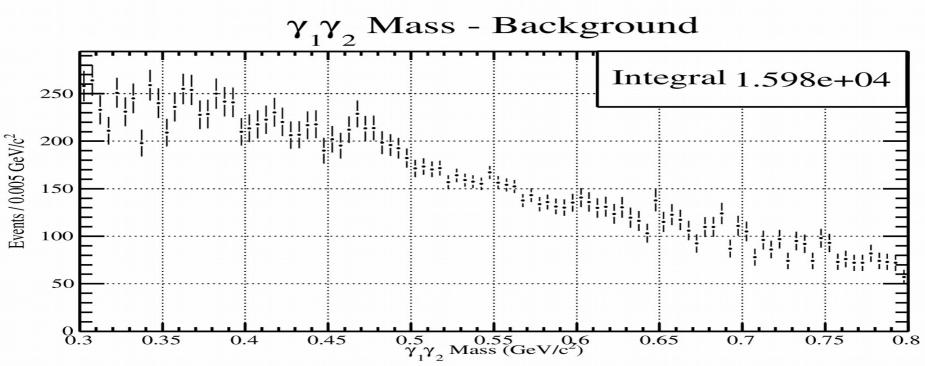
## New Eta: Qvalue



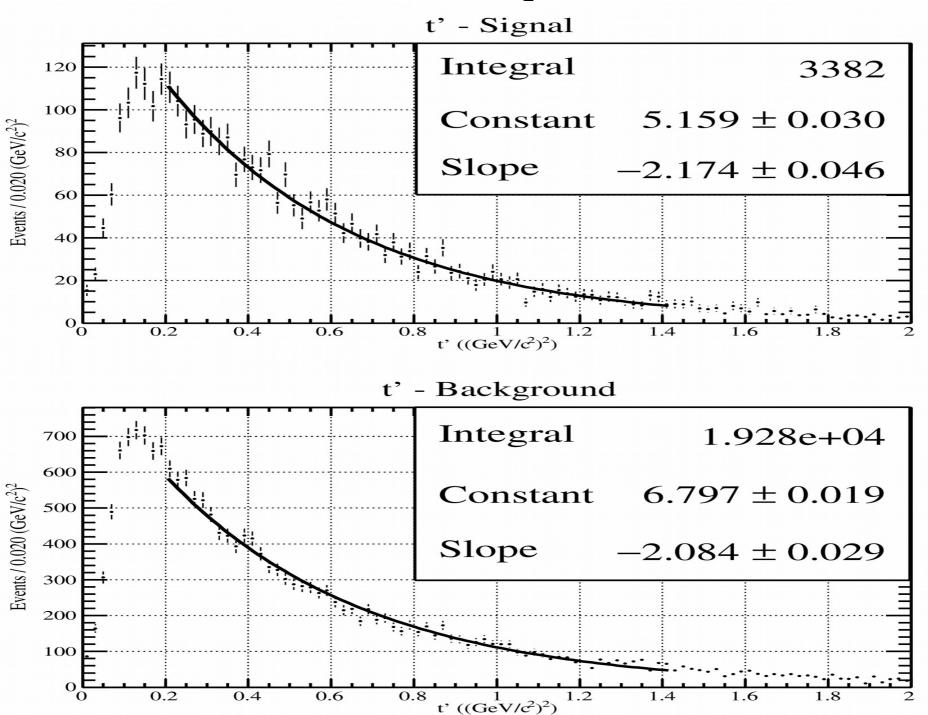


## New Eta Fit: Qvalue

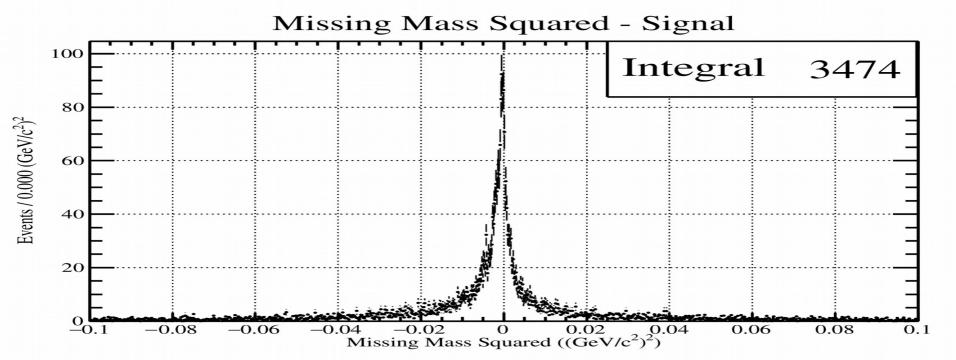


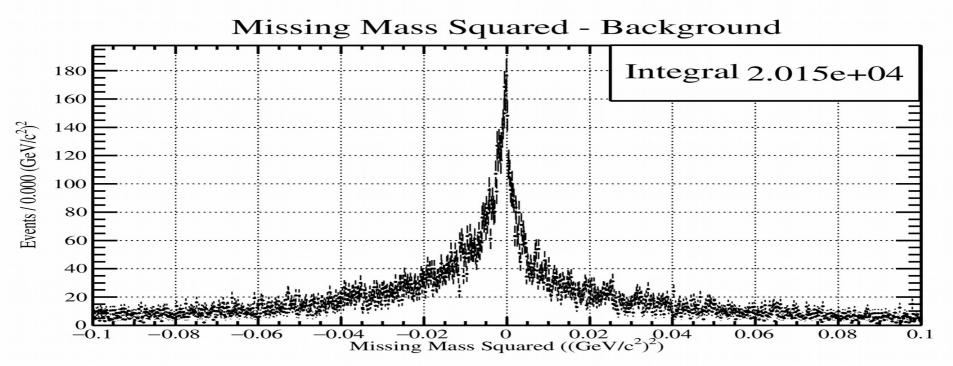


#### New t: Qvalue

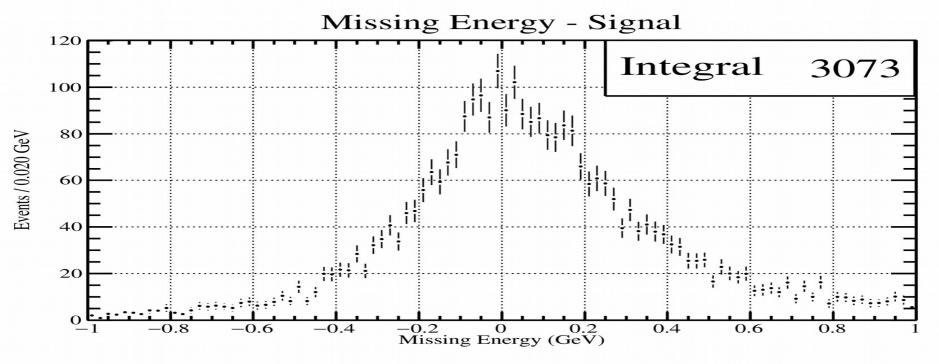


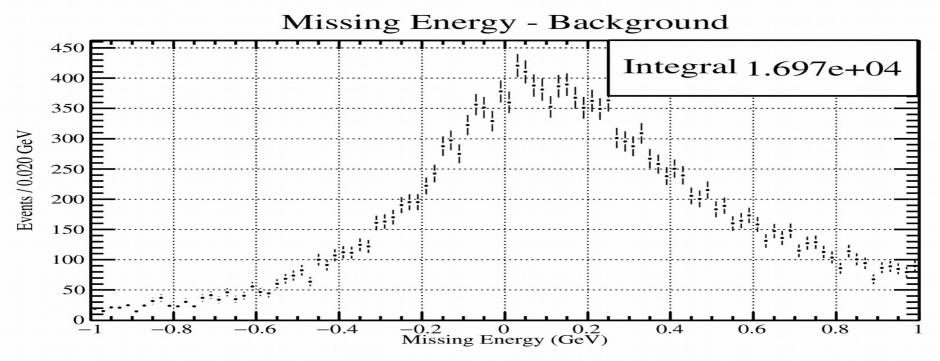
## New Missing Mass Squared: Qvalue



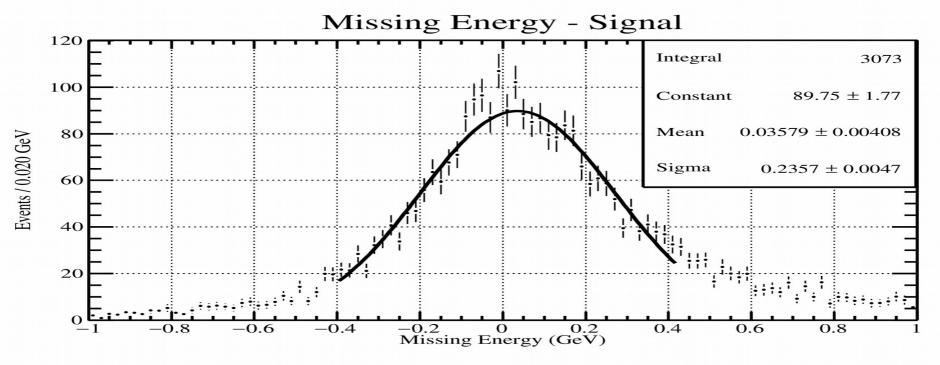


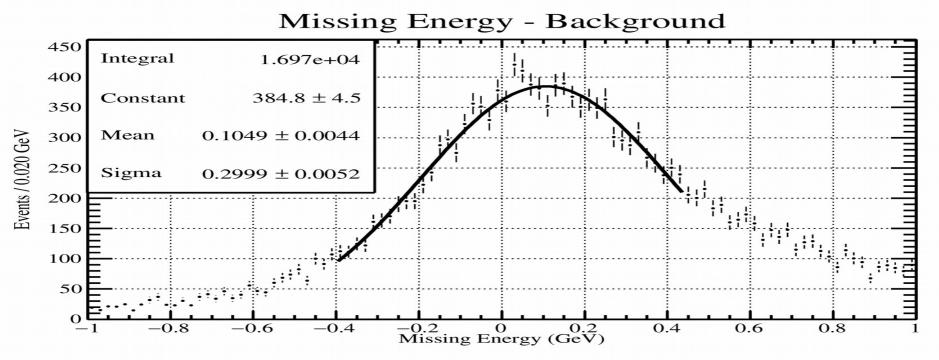
## New Missing Energy: Qvalue



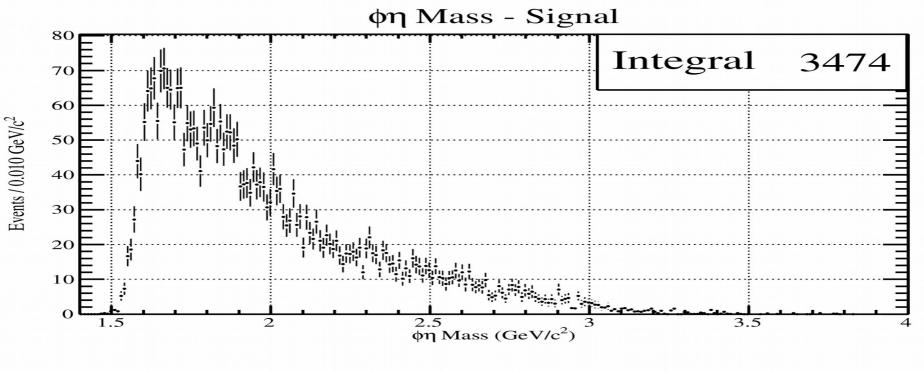


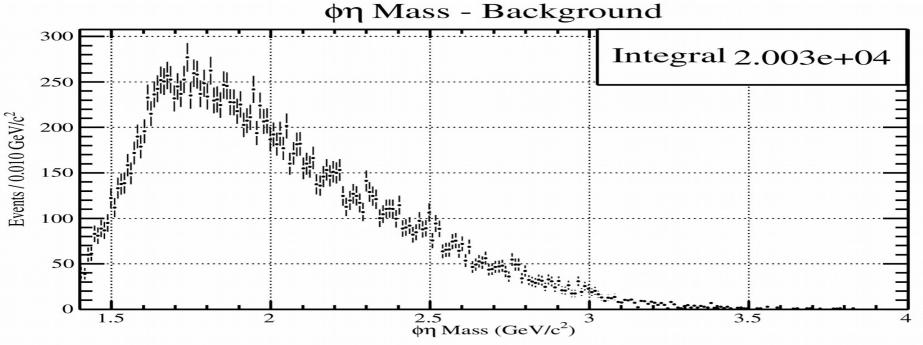
## New Missing Energy Fit: Qvalue



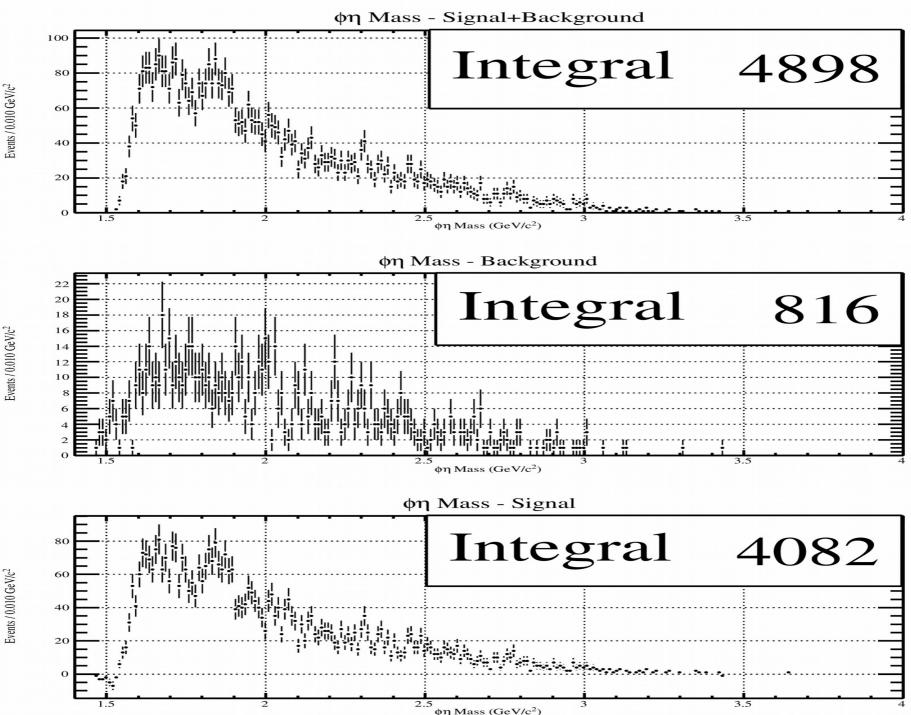


## New PhiEta: Qvalue

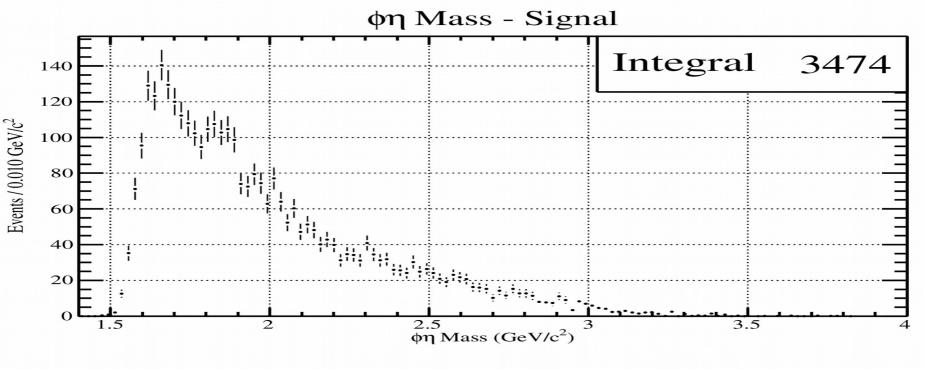


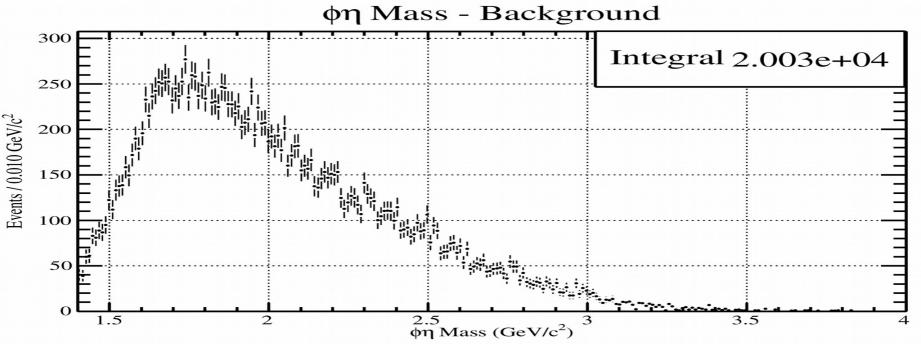


## New PhiEta: Elliptical Sub



## New PhiEta, Bigger Bins: Qvalue





## New PhiEta, Bigger Bins: Elliptical Sub

