

Nuclear Mass Predictions with Bayesian Neural Network

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Introduction : Nuclear Mass

Theories of nuclear mass

Macroscopic

LDM

Microscopic

Hartree-Fock-Bogoliubov (HFB)

Macro-Micro

FRDM

Duflo-Zuker (DZ)

Moller-Nix (MN)

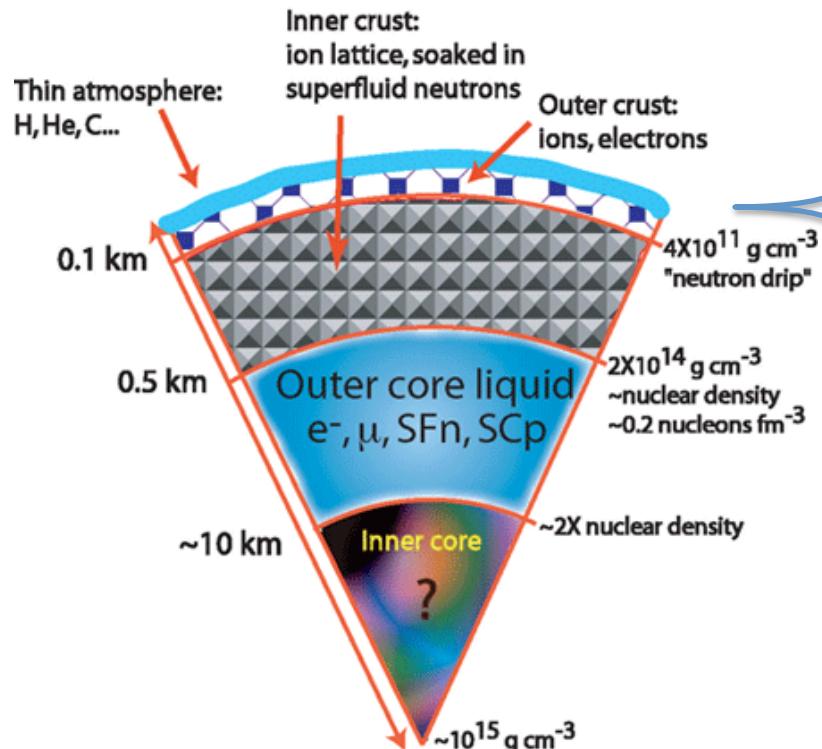
Experiments of nuclear mass

Atomic mass evaluations (AME)

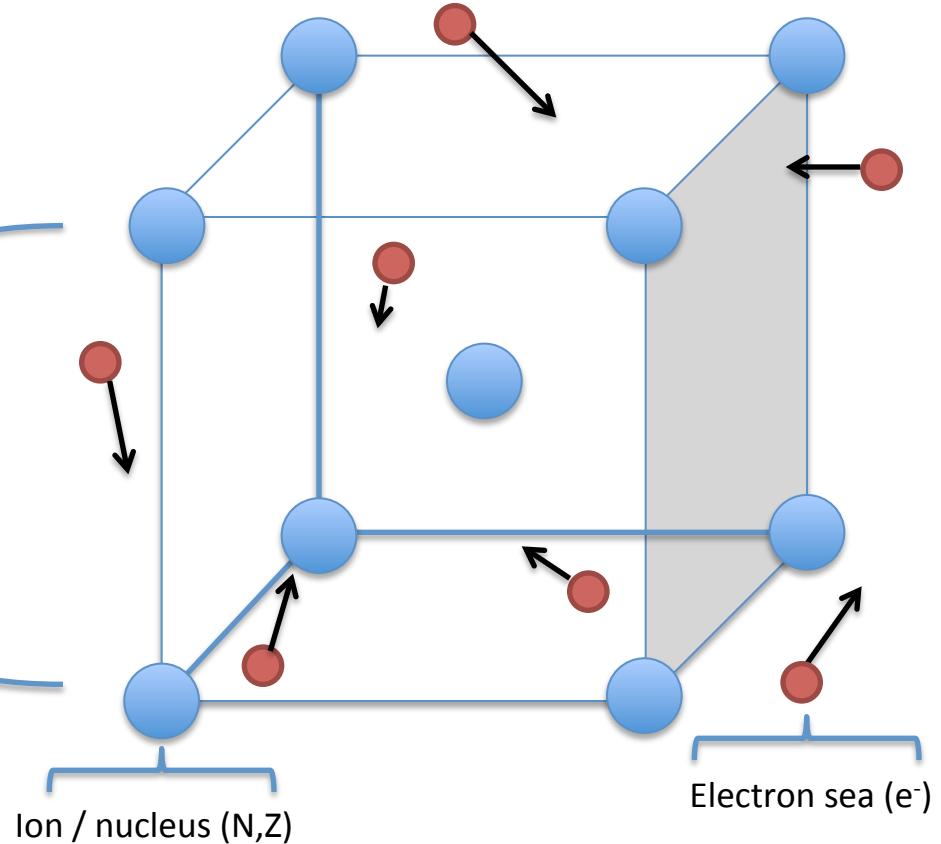
1988, 1993, 1995, 2003, **2012**

Motivation : Why Mass?

Neutron star outer crust



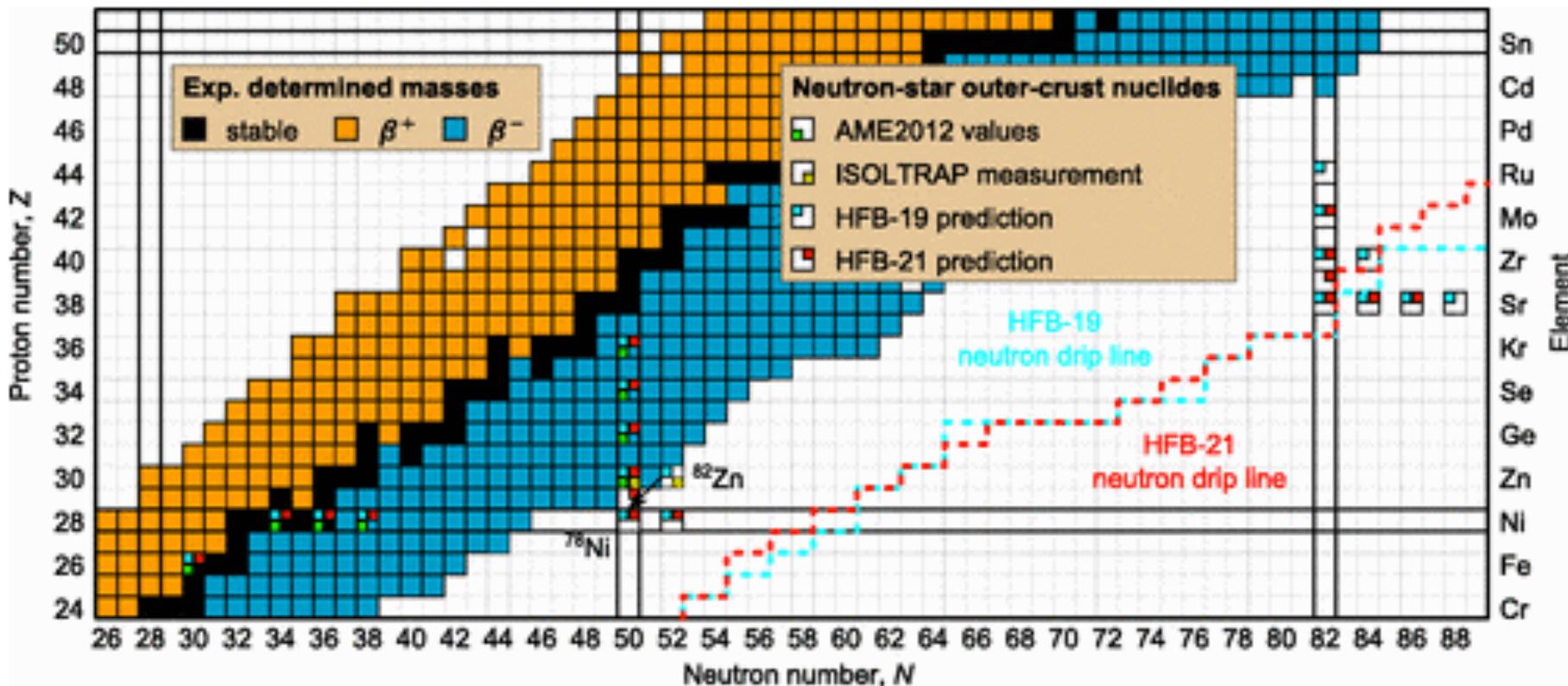
Composition



$$\text{Energy} = \text{Mass} + \text{Degeneracy} + \text{Lattice}$$

Motivation : Crustal Nuclei

Outer crust by HFB



The constituents in multicolor

Frameworks : Bayes' Theorem

Bayes' probabilities

Likelihood

Posterior \rightarrow $P(A | B) = \frac{P(B | A)P(A)}{P(B)}$ Prior

Example : Ebola Test

$$p(E) = 0.01$$

P -> positive ; E -> Ebola

$$p(P|E) = 0.9$$

$$p(E|P) = \frac{p(P|E)p(E)}{p(P)}$$



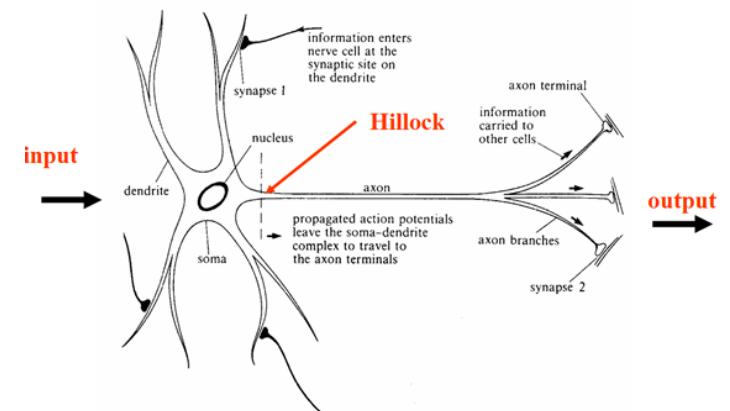
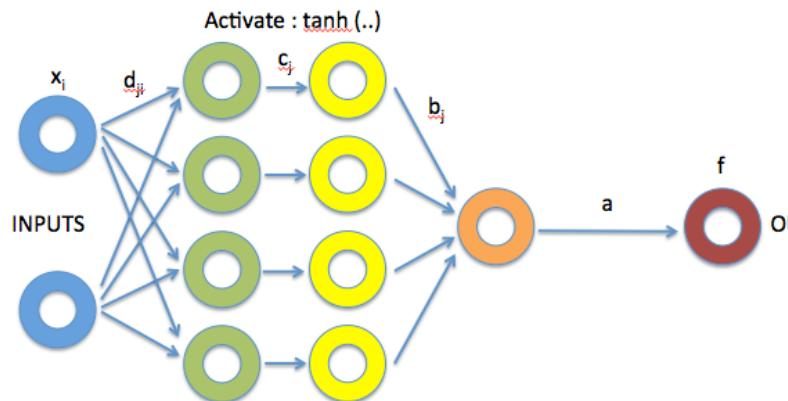
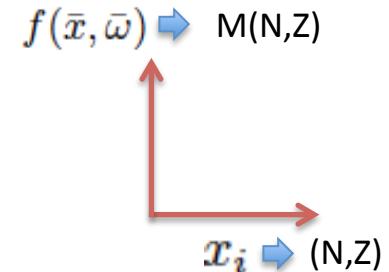
$$p(E|P) = \frac{0.9 \times 0.01}{(0.9 \times 0.01) + (0.1 \times 0.99)} = 0.083$$

Frameworks : Neural network

Neural Network

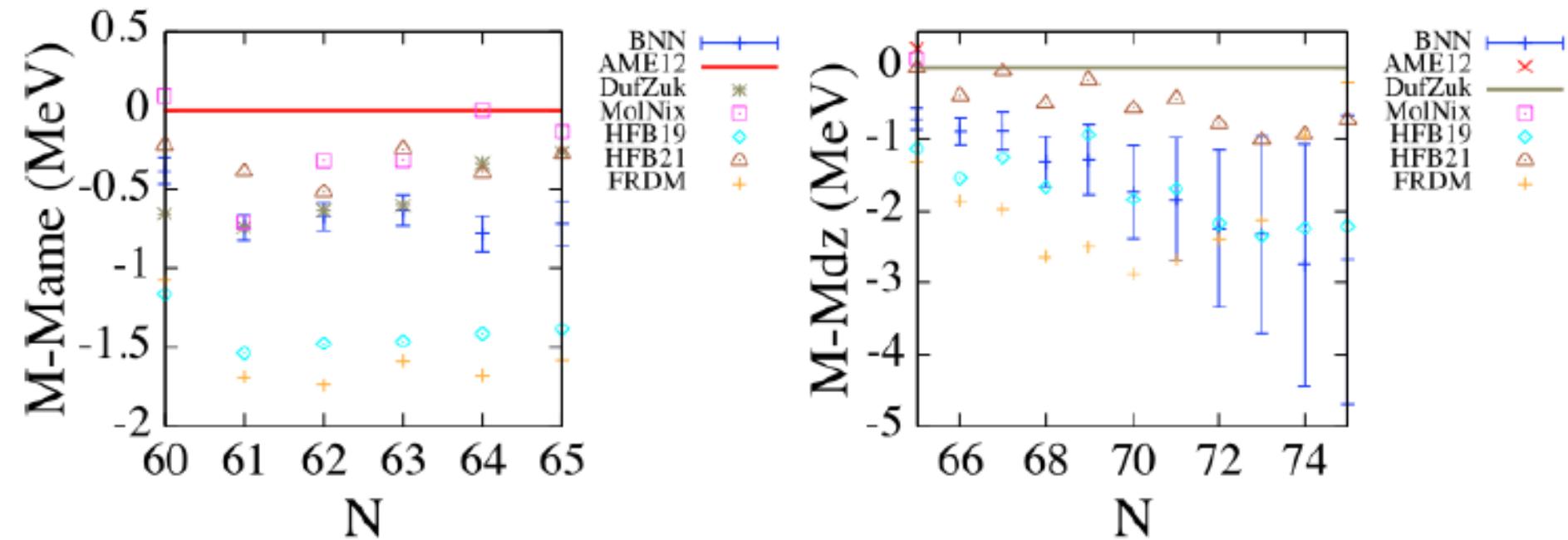
Basis function

$$f(\bar{x}, \bar{\omega}) = a + \sum_{j=1}^H b_j \tanh(c_j + \sum_{i=1}^I d_{ji} x_i)$$



Results : BNN Predictions

LDM with BNN on Krypton isotopes



At outer crust region :
 $20 < N < 84$ and $20 < Z < 50$

Model	LDM	DZ	MN	FRDM	HFB19	HFB21
$\sigma_{\text{rms}}^{(\text{pre})}$ (MeV)	3.233	0.528	1.006	0.848	0.743	0.639
$\sigma_{\text{rms}}^{(\text{post})}$ (MeV)	0.532	0.303	0.479	0.432	0.412	0.398
$\Delta\sigma/\sigma_{\text{rms}}^{(\text{pre})}$	0.84	0.43	0.52	0.49	0.45	0.38

Outlook

- Significance of nuclear mass prediction in Astrophysics :
 - Outer crust of neutron star
 - r-process
- Bayesian approach for data fitting
- Neural network as basis for any smooth function
- Potential use of BNN for many other nuclear observables

Thank You