

# FSU Physics Annual Review 2011

# Search for Strangeonium and exotic in Photoproduction using CLAS

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#### Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# Photoproduction - VMD

- In hadronic interactions, photon beam can be regarded as a superposition of vector mesons (ρ, ω, φ) with an important s̄s component - Vector Meson Dominance (VMD).
- φη channel is the signature decay mode for strangeonium (ss̄) states. Interference with non-strange vectors is negligible in this channel.
- $\phi \pi^0$  is an exotic channel due to OZI suppression.





# Strangeonia

- η has a significant nn component to it, but φη and φη' decay modes can only originate from initial ss states.
- "Due to the *OZI* rule, the observation of a state with a large branching fraction to  $\eta\phi$ ,  $\eta'\phi$  or  $\phi\phi$  and small branches to nonstrange final states can serve as a "smoking gun" for an initial  $s\bar{s}$  state." Barnes, Black & Page (Strong decays of Strange Quarkonia).

#### Why study Strangeonia?

 Due to the intermediate mass of the strange quarks, study of the strangeonium states will serve as a bridge between short and large distance behavior of QCD confinement potential, a study of the transition from light quark sector to the HQET.

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# Other Analysis



\*FOCUS  $K^+K^-$  photoproduction data

- There has been a short interesting history attached to the  $\phi_{1750}$  resonance.
- $e^+e^-$  annihilation data observes a resonance at 1680 MeV identified as  $\phi_{1680}$  with its dominant production channel being  $KK^*$
- While in Photoproduction a similar resonance exists at 1750 MeV. This was earlier identified as the  $\phi_{1680}$  but is now disputed to be another resonance altogather, its dominant production channel being  $K^+K^-$ .
- FOCUS experiment had about 11,000 events and they concluded the resonances to be different ones, though the interpretation of this signal remains uncertain. This is to be further investigated from the g12 dataset.

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#### Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# Particle Identification

PART	Bank
۹	Proton
۲	$K^+$
۲	κ-

#### **Meson ID**

- $\phi$  Invariant Mass reconstructed from  $K^+$  &  $K^-$
- To Identify  $\phi$ , Select 1010 MeV  $\leq$  IM( $K^+$   $K^-$ )  $\leq$  1030 MeV
- $\eta$  Calculated from Missing Mass as "Beam + Target Proton  $K^+ K^-$ "
- To identify  $\eta$ , Select 510 MeV  $\leq$  MM  $\leq$  580 MeV

#### Cuts

- Event vertex time within 1.002 ns of the Start Counter vertex time
- All particles have the the difference between their measured and calculated beta (with PART bank PID) less than 0.05
- Event vertex is required to be within the Target

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# Particle Vertex 1



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# Particle Vertex 2



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# Particle Beta 1



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 $\phi \eta$ ,  $\phi \pi^0$  ...

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# Particle Beta 2



# **Observations**

- Vertex and Timing Distributions look reasonable
- Beta for *Proton*,  $K^+ \& K^-$  have no cross-contamination bands
- PID and Cuts employed work reasonably well

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### Selection of $KK \rightarrow \phi$ Data



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### Momentun transfer dependence of $\phi - \eta$ data







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# $\phi$ & $\eta$ Side-Bands



# Side-Band Observations:

- $\phi$  width is 4 MeV and the peak is at 1020 MeV. .
- $\eta$  width is 17 MeV and the peak is at 547 MeV.
- Signal region is chosen to be peak  $\pm 2\sigma$ .
- $\phi \rightarrow$  1012 1028 MeV,  $\eta \rightarrow$  513 581 MeV
- Gap of  $1\sigma$  is used between signal and sideband to minimize loss of  $\phi$ 's.
- Gap of  $2\sigma$  is used between signal and sideband to minimize loss of  $\eta$ 's.

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# $\phi$ SBS



Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# $\eta$ SBS



Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

 $\phi - \eta$  SBS



Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# $\phi \pi^0 SB$



Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# $\phi \pi^0 \text{SBS}$



Strangeonia Yield Studies Summary

Motivation Analysis Side-Band Subtraction

# Check for K\*+





ω yield study  $ρ & p π^+ π^-$  exclusive Stud

# $\omega$ - yield fits



ω yield study  $ρ & p = π^+ = π^-$  exclusive Stu

## $\omega$ - yield fits for $\gamma~\geq~$ 4.4 GeV



ω yield study ρ & p  $π^+$   $π^-$  exclusive Stu

# $\omega$ - yield fits for $\gamma$ $\,<\,$ 4.4 GeV



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 $\phi \eta$ ,  $\phi \pi^0$  ...

ω yield study  $ρ & p = π^+ = π^-$  exclusive Stud

# $\omega$ - yield plots





#### g12 Cross Section Cheat Sheet

Number of Interactions  $(N_i) \propto$  Number of Target Particles  $(N_t)$ 

Number of Interactions  $(N_i) \propto$  Number of Beam Photons  $(N_b)$ 

 $\therefore$   $N_i = \sigma * N_t * N_b$ 

where  $\sigma$  is the Cross-Section/Area or interaction probability

Number of Beam Photons calculated using gflux for Beam Energy Range (A-B) GeV

Number of Target Particles ( $N_t$ ) = Proton Density of LH2 \* Volume of Target

Proton Density =  $2 * N_A * \text{Density} / \text{Molar Mass}$ " =  $2 * 6.022 * 10^{23} * 0.0708 / 2.016 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ " =  $0.423 * 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ Target Volume = Area \* Length =  $0.1257 * 40 = 5.0265 \text{ cm}^3$ 

$$\sigma = \frac{N_E w}{N_B N_A \rho L_T} \tag{1}$$

where,

$$\rho = 0.0708 gm.cm^{-3}$$
 ,  $L_T = 40 cm$  ,  $N_B = 5.782 * 10^{11}$  ,  $N_A = 6.022 * 10^{23}$  ,  $w = 2.016$  ,  $N_E = N_{Events}$  / Acceptance.

ω yield study  $ρ & p π^+ π^-$  exclusive Study

### Simulated $\rho$ Events



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 $\phi \eta, \phi \pi^0 \dots$ 

ω yield study  $ρ & p π^+ π^-$  exclusive Study

#### Accepted $\rho$ Events













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 $\phi \eta, \phi \pi^0 \dots$ 

#### ω yield study $ρ & p π^+ π^-$ exclusive Study

# Acceptance for $\rho$













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 $\phi \eta, \phi \pi^0 \dots$ 





 $\omega$  yield study  $\rho$  & p  $\pi^+$   $\pi^-$  exclusive Study

# Expected and Calculated $\rho$ Cross Sections





ω yield study  $ρ & p = π^+ π^-$  exclusive Study

 $p \pi^+ \pi^- \& \rho$  Cross Section as a function of Beam Energy for 60 nA



# Summary for yield analysis

- Unless gflux numbers were off by orders of Magnitude earlier, *which we have* verified they are not, any gflux fix cannot account for more than 25% difference in Yield/Cross Sections
- Any error in this study related to counting ρ's had erred on the side of over-counting, so the Cross Sections you saw were the most optimistic ones given our anomaly
- Reason for this yield anomaly has to come from the data reconstruction or the MC acceptance or the trigger inefficiency
- The fix made to gflux data for g12 increased the number of good intervals and hence the number of good photons by  $\approx$  20%, and It didn't change the total number of photons
- The new Cross Section values should now be lowered by  $\approx$  20% as the study only took good intervals into account for counting the number of photons and never threw any event out based on such intervals
- The most optimistic Cross Section was obtained for  $\rho$  events for which g12 was off by a factor of  $\sim$  3 at low energies and  $\sim$  4 in the triggered energy range for production Beam Current of 60nA

# Summary for My analysis

- Complete final skimmed dataset is available for analysis
- We have taken a preliminary look at the preferred signature decay mode for strangeonia
- Moments and PWA analysis for  $\phi \eta$  channel is in progress
- We are trying approaches like side-band subtractions and kinematic fitter to get a better handle on our observations
- Monte Carlo simulations have been done and detector acceptance for different decays are being studied concurrently
- More decay channels for strangeonia like  $KK^*, K^*K^*$  and  $\phi \eta \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-[\pi^0]$  are being incorporated
- I have scattered pieces of literature written down and intend to collate them into parts of my thesis
- Finish writing (and more) by the end of this semester