

Double polarization in π^0 photoproduction from FROST

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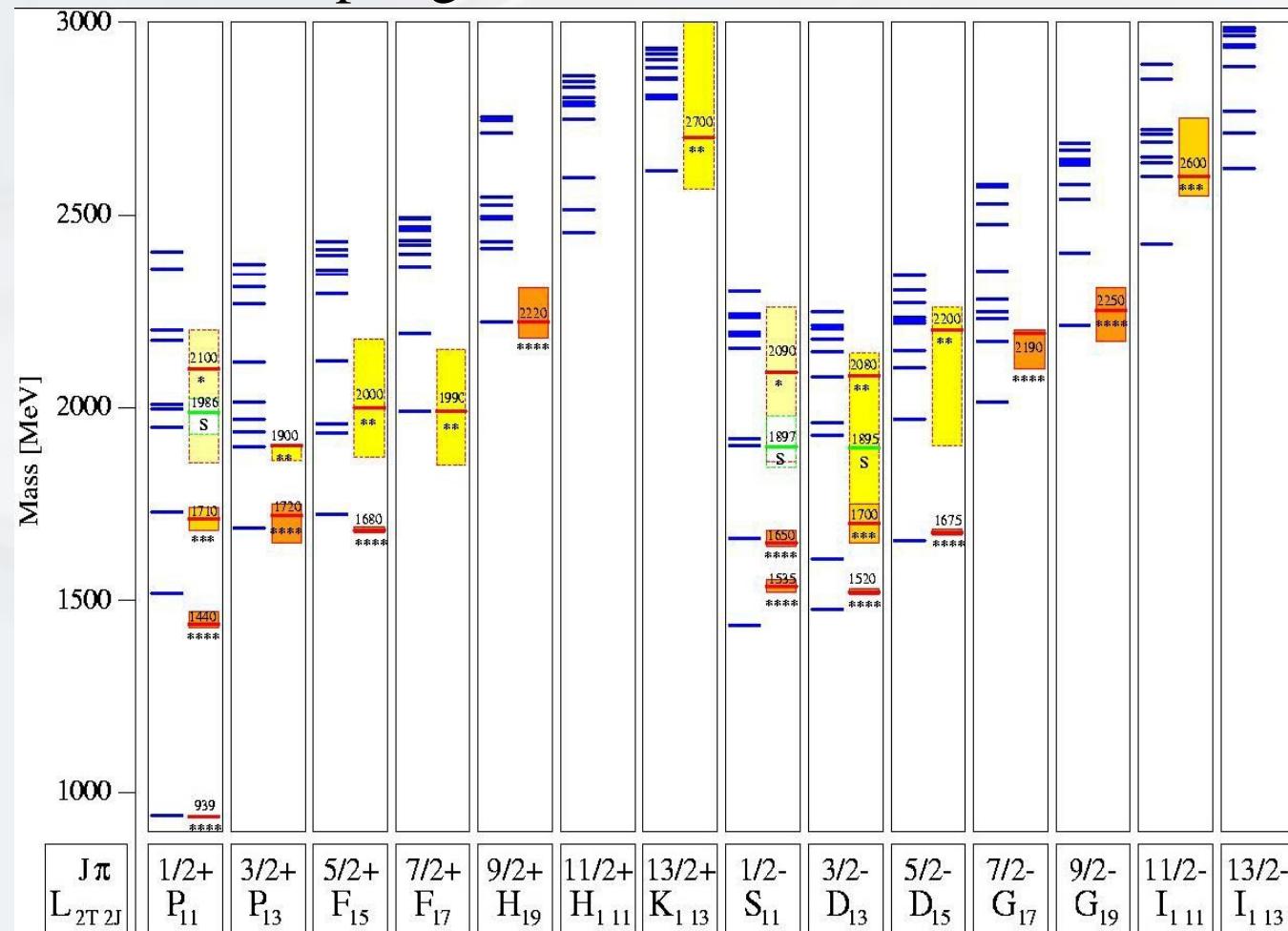
Outline

1. Motivation
2. FROST Experiment
3. Analysis

Baryon Resonance

N^* and Δ^* by Quark model

Mass, width, couplings to various modes are not well known



FROST (FROzen Spin Target)

Study of excited nucleon states (N^* and Δ^*)

→ Understand the structure of the nucleon

→ Analyze decay products due to short lifetime

Double polarization experiments is important

Photon	Target				Recoil			Target + Recoil			
	-	-	-	-	x'	y'	z'	x'	x'	z'	z'
	-	x	y	z	-	-	-	x	z	x	z
unpolarized	σ_0	0	T	0	0	P	0	$T_{x'}$	$-L_{x'}$	$T_{z'}$	$L_{z'}$
linear pol.	$-\Sigma$	H	$(-P)$	$-G$	$O_{x'}$	$(-T)$	$O_{z'}$	$(-L_{z'})$	$(T_{z'})$	$(-L_{x'})$	$(-T_{x'})$
circular pol.	0	F	0	$-E$	$-C_{x'}$	0	$-C_{z'}$	0	0	0	0

Asymmetry E and G

Photon beam

- Circularly and linearly polarized
- $0.5 \sim 2.4$ GeV (electron beam 1.645 & 2.478 GeV)

Target

- Butanol (C_4H_9OH)
- $82 \sim 85\%$ of polarization

Production

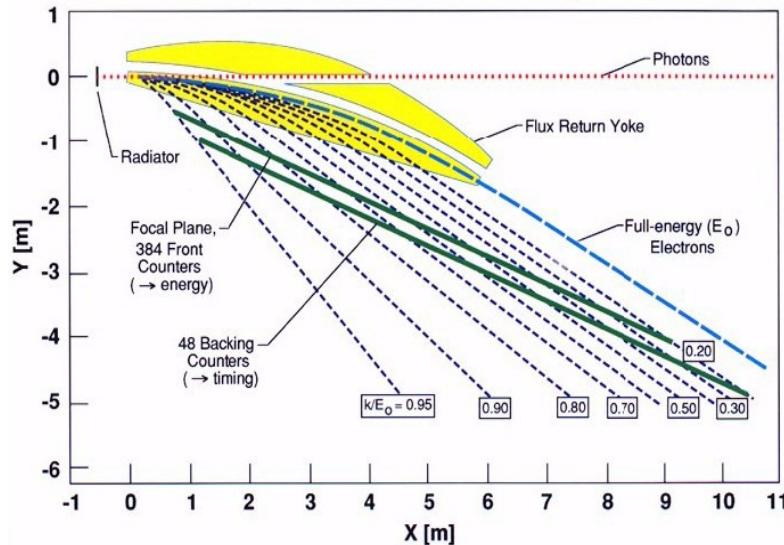
- 10.5 Billion trigger

*trigger: at least one charged particle in CLAS

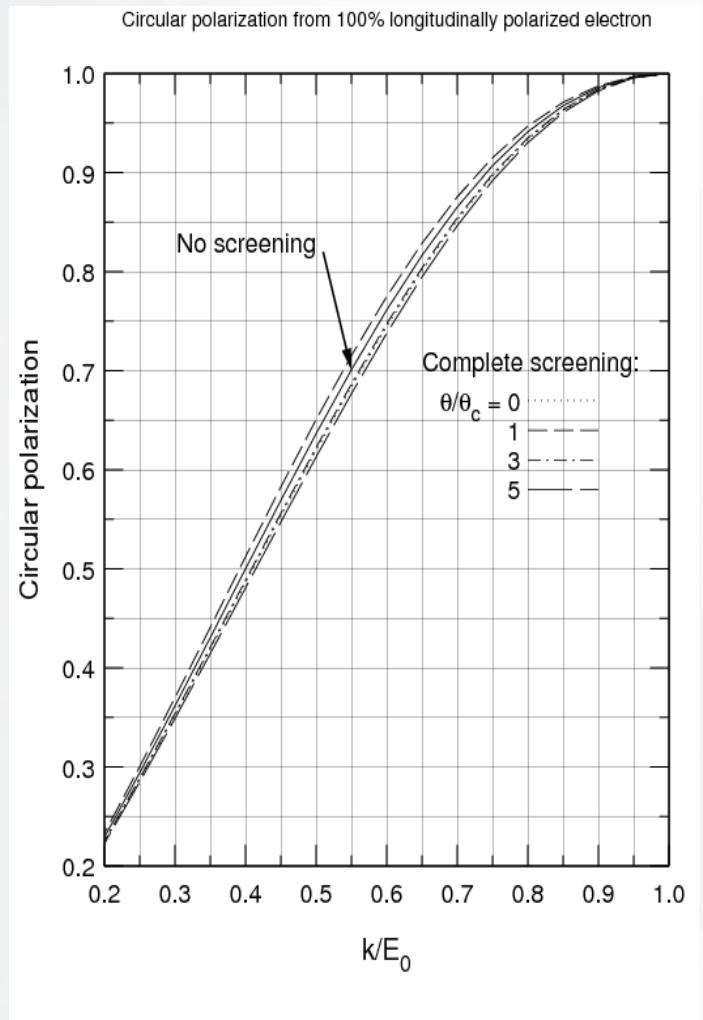
Circularly polarized photon beam

Bremsstrahlung

use linearly polarized electron beam



$$P(\gamma) = P(e) \frac{4x - x^2}{4 - 4x + 3x^2}$$
$$x = \frac{k}{\epsilon_1} = \frac{(\text{photon energy})}{(\text{incident electron energy})}$$



Corrected 5 June 1992

04-22-98
CIRCPOL.G.PL.T

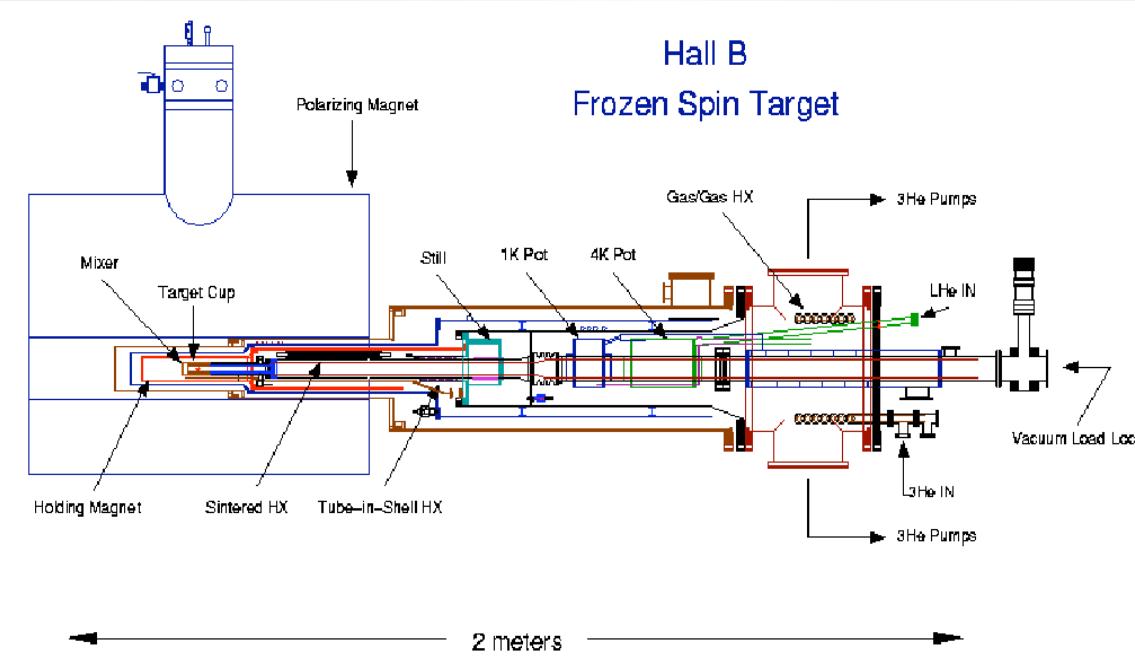
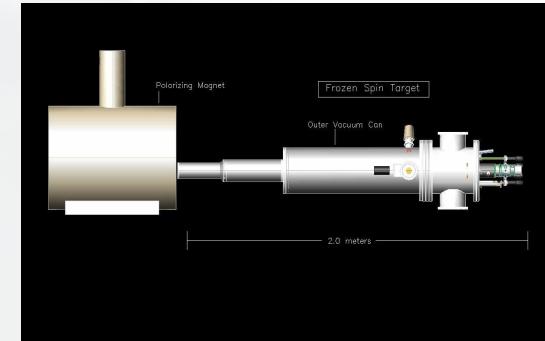
Target

Butanol(C₄H₉OH)

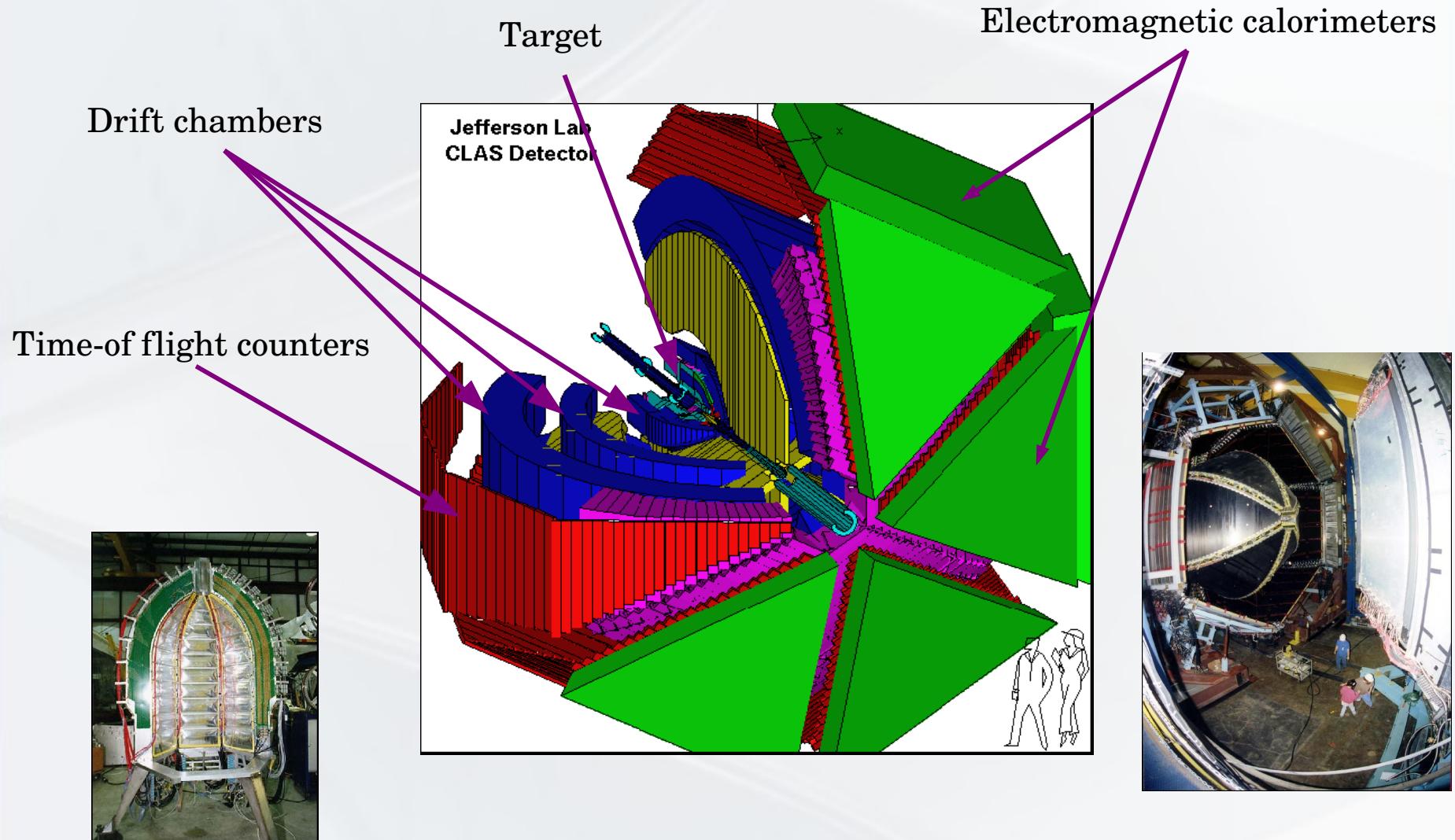
length 50mm

diameter 15mm

Holding mode (0.5T, 28 ~30 mK)

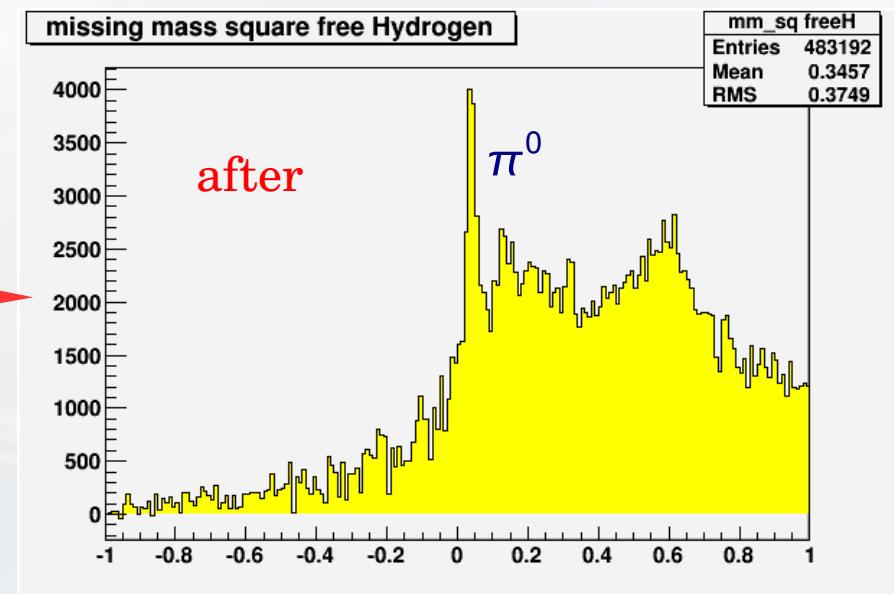
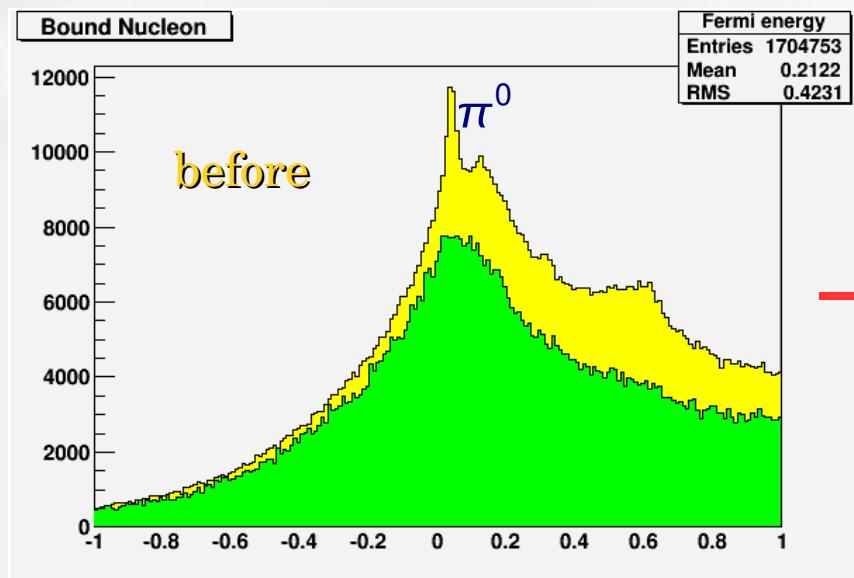
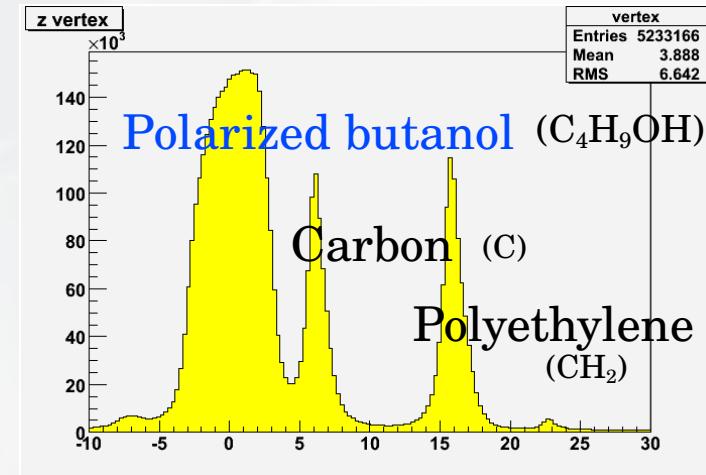


CLAS



$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^0 p$ missing mass square

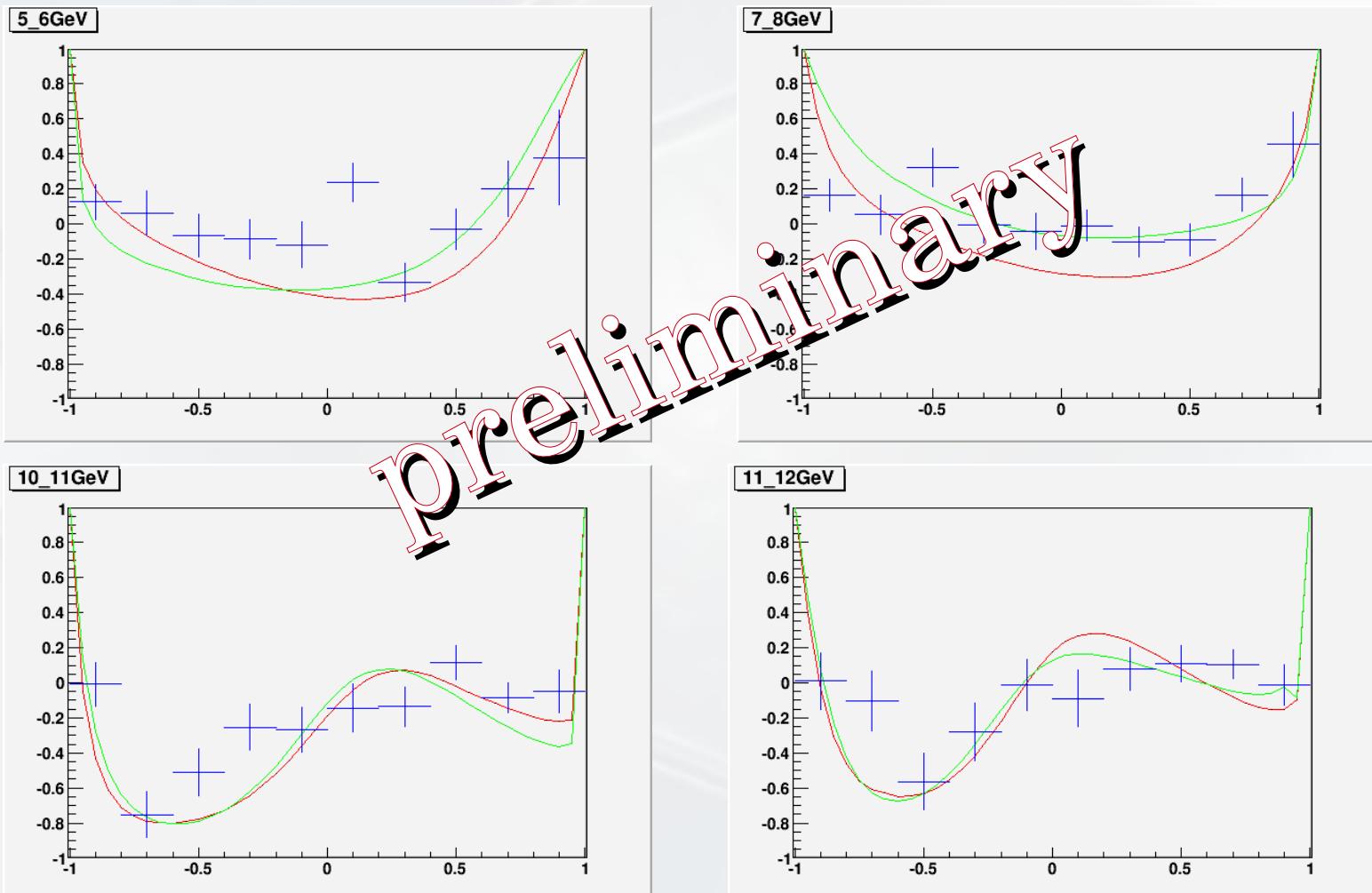
Bound nucleon
 \rightarrow Fermi momentum



Helicity asymmetry E

$$E = \frac{D_{eff}}{P_T P_\gamma} \frac{N_{1/2} - N_{3/2}}{N_{1/2} + N_{3/2}}$$

SAID
MAID2007



Summary

My preliminary results will be changed with

- (1) Energy loss, momentum loss corrections
- (2) Omit bad events
- (3) Use suitable factors, polarizations